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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/539,334	06/15/2005	Geetha Arthanari	BUR920020005US1	7342
	7590 04/11/200 NAL BUSINESS MAC	EXAMINER		
DEPT. 18G			PARIHAR, SUCHIN	
BLDG. 300-48 2070 ROUTE 5	-		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
HOPEWELL J	UNCTION, NY 12533	2825		
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS 04/11/2007			PAPÉR	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/539,334	ARTHANARI ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Suchin Parihar	2825				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	n appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address				
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILIN asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CI SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication a period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory properties to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by the period for reply will, by the period for reply will, by the period by the Office later than three months after the properties of patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	IG DATE OF THIS COMMUN FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may on. Deriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO statute, cause the application to become	IICATION. a reply be timely filed DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	3/19/2007.					
,—	•	This action is non-final.					
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,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims	, ,					
-	Claim(s) 1,4,5 and 9 is/are pending in the	application					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with		•				
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	5)						
· ·							
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	and/or election requirement					
•	· · · ——	maror dissilon requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers						
•	The specification is objected to by the Exa						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)[The oath or declaration is objected to by the	ne Examiner. Note the attach	ed Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119		•				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
Attachmen	t(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date							

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This office action is in response to the Request for Continued Examination (RCE) filed 3/19/2007. Claims 1, 4-5 and 9 are currently pending in this application.

- 2. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 3/19/2007 has been entered.
- 3. Applicant's arguments filed 3/19/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The applicable prior-art rejections from the previous office action have been incorporated herein.

Claim Objections

- 4. Claim 1 is objected to for the following reason: In step (b), "enclosing **the** sink" lacks antecedent basis in the claims. No "sink" has been established in the claim language prior to step (b) being recited. Examiner points out that "sink locations" do not provide proper antecedent basis for "enclosing the sink". Appropriate correction is required.
- 5. Claim 1 is objected to for the following reason: In step (b), "the first subset from the master list" lacks antecedent basis in the claims. Examiner points out that "a set of sink locations in master list" has been established prior to step (a). However, said recitation does not provide antecedent basis for "the first subset from the master list".

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Whether the master list contain sink locations, sinks, or both, it is unclear from the claim language. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 1 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Carrig et al. (5,339,253) in view of Zhu (5,866,924).
- 8. With respect to claim 1, Carrig teaches: collecting a set of sink locations in a master list (i.e. creating a list of sinks to be connected which includes sink locations, Col 2, lines 32-35); selecting a temporary insertion point (i.e. establishing a driving point, Col 2, lines 40; the TIP and the driving point both effectively start the branching process as described on page 3 of Applicant's specification); removing the first subset from the master list (i.e. removing the paired sinks from the list of sinks, Col 2, lines 47-48); assigning a first-level structured clock buffer (i.e. a buffer circuit can be added at the sink, Col 6, lines 40-45); repeating steps (a), (b) and (c) for the remaining sinks in the first-level of buffers and subsequent levels until the root level is reached (i.e. repeating steps until the list of sinks contains only a single sink to be connected to each signal [i.e. root level], Col 2, lines 49-52); connecting the root level TIP to lower levels (i.e. using

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driving points to create another level of the distribution tree, Col 7, lines 15-22); and connecting a source of clock signals to the root level (i.e. connecting single sink to the source, Col 2, lines 53-54). Carrig does not teach: a set of blocked areas; enclosing the sink at the first level furthest from the TIP; and improving the symmetry of the tree by moving SCB locations within constraints to concentrate SCBs in rows and columns. However, Zhu teaches: a set of blocked areas (i.e. obstacle 572 of Figure 5C); enclosing the sink at the first level furthest from the TIP (i.e. branch is formed between the clock source and the clock sink that is farthest from the source, Col 6, lines 25-30); and improving the symmetry of the tree by moving SCB locations within constraints (i.e. symmetric fashion, creating design constraints, Col 2, lines 45-50) to concentrate SCBs in rows and columns (i.e. finding a path for horizontal and vertical wires that will avoid any obstacles, Col 8, lines 28-35). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate Zhu into the invention of Carrig for the following reason(s): Zhu would improve the skew-controlled distribution network of Carrig by spacing clock sinks in a symmetric fashion, which, as Zhu suggests in Col 2 lines 45-50 would minimize (i.e. control) clock skew. For article of manufacture in computer readable form, see Carrig, Col 11, lines 12-20, data input device and/or program storage.

9. With respect to claim 9, Carrig in view of Zhu teaches all the elements of claim 1, from which the claim depends. Carrig teaches: said SCB assigned to a subset of sinks is selected from a set of pre-designed SCBs of varying capacity (a buffer is added at one or both of the sinks to drive them, and this effectively changes both the latency

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requirements and input capacitance of the sinks, Col 5, lines 45-50, wherein the buffer's pre-designed capacities have an effect on the sinks by changing their requirements).

- 10. Claims 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Carrig et al. (5,339,253) in view of Zhu (5,866,924) and in further view of Bergeron et al. (6,609,228).
- 11. With respect to claim 4, Carrig in view of Zhu teaches all the elements of claim 1, from which the claim depends. Carrig in view of Zhu fails to teach: attempting to place a horizontal SCB then attempting to place a vertical SCB in a central location when a horizontal SCB will not fit in said central location (i.e. adjusting positions [vertical and horizontal] of clock feeding circuits with design constraints to further reduce said lengths of said wires, Col 8, lines 54-58). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate Bergeron into the inventions of Carrig and Zhu for the following reason(s): the optimization method of Bergeron would improve Carrig and Zhu by providing a method to cluster clocked devices in a way that decreases overall power consumption.
- 12. With respect to claim 5, Carrig in view of Zhu and in further view of Bergeron teaches all the elements of claim 4, from which the claim depends. Bergeron teaches: said vertical SCB comprises a set of circuit elements laid out to have substantially the same delay as a corresponding SCB with horizontal layout (i.e. achieving a uniform delay to al latch clusters, Col 3, lines 50-55).

Response to Arguments

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13. Applicant asserts that the prior art fails to teach or suggest: "connecting a source(S) of clock signals to the root level TIP. Examiner disagrees with this assertion.

14. Examiner points out that Carrig's "drive point" and Applicant's "root level TIP" are analogous. Page 3 of applicant's specification recites "TIP starts the branching process". Carrig, Col 7 lines 20-30, discloses "further sets of drive points, thus creating another level [i.e. branch] of the distribution tree", suggesting that, when a drive point exists, it starts a process that creates another branch [i.e. level] of the distribution tree; i.e. a drive point starts the branching process. Therefore, Carrig's "drive point" is analogous to Applicant's "TIP", because they both provide the same functionality as described in Applicant's specification.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Suchin Parihar whose telephone number is 571-272-6210. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 8:30am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jack Chiang can be reached on 571-272-7483. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you

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have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Suchin Parihar Examiner

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SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER